PATENT

Application Serial No. 10/576,579 Reply to office action of June 6, 2007

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Docket: CU-4794

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Amendments To The Claims

The listing of claims presented below will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A metal-insulator transition switching transistor, comprising:
 - a silicon substrate;
 - a gate electrode formed directly on the substrate;
 - a gate insulation film on the gate electrode and the silicon substrate;

[[a]] an abrupt metal-insulator-transition channel layer on the gate insulation film, wherein the abrupt metal-insulator-transition channel layer changes from an insulator phase to a metal phase abruptly, or vice versa, depending on a variation of an electric field; and

a source and a drain being contacted with both sides of the <u>abrupt</u> metalinsulator-transition channel layer, respectively.

- (currently amended) The metal-insulator-transition switching transistor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the substrate is a silicon substrate made of silicon.
- 3. (original) The metal-insulator-transition switching transistor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the source and the drain is a double layer constituted by materials selected from the group consisting of either a chrome (Cr) layer and a gold (Au) layer or a tungsten (W) layer and a titaniun (Ti) layer.

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- 4. (currently amended) The metal-insulator-transition switching transistor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the <u>abrupt</u> metal-insulator-transition channel layer is composed of a vanadium dioxide (VO₂) thin film.
- 5. (withdrawn) A method for manufacturing a metal-insulator-transition switching transistor, comprising the steps of forming a gate electrode on a silicon substrate; forming a gate insulation film on the silicon substrate and the gate; forming a source electrode and a drain electrode on the gate insulation film; and forming a metal-insulator-transition channel layer between the source and the drain electrodes.
- 6. (withdrawn) The method for manufacturing a metal-insulator transition switching transistor as claimed in claim 5, wherein the source and the drain is a double layer constituted by materials selected from the group consisting of either a chrome (Cr) layer and a gold (Au) layer or a tungsten (W) layer and a titanium (Ti) layer.
- 7. (withdrawn) The method for manufacturing a metal-insulator-transition switching transistor as claimed in claim 5, wherein the step of forming the source and the drain is performed by using a lift-off process.
- 8. (withdrawn) The method for manufacturing a metal-insulator-transition switching transistor as claimed in claim 5, wherein the metal-insulator-transition channel layer is formed using a vanadium dioxide (VO₂) thin film.

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9. (withdrawn) The method for manufacturing a metal-insulator-transition switching transistor as claimed in claim 8, the VO_2 thin film is grown at a growth temperature in the range of 450 °C to 470 °C and with an oxygen flow variation in the range of 5 to 6 SCCM.